

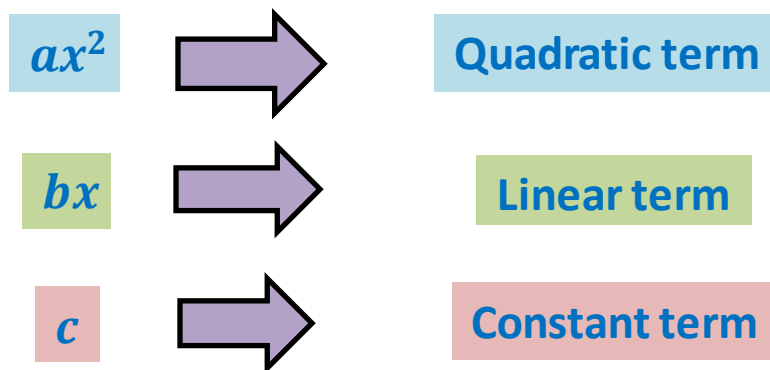
# Quadratic Graphs and Their Properties

 Guided Notes

A **quadratic** equation is of the form:

$$ax^2 + bx + c$$

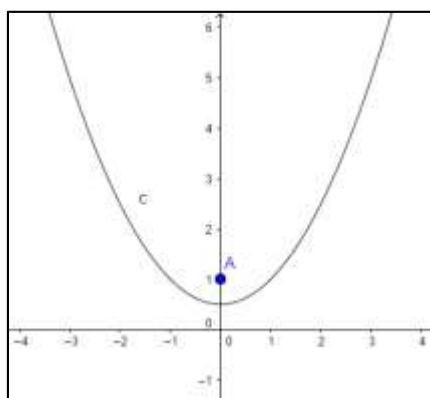
Where,  $a \neq 0$ .



## Graph of a quadratic Equation

The graph of a quadratic equation is a U-shaped parabola.

To graph the quadratic equations, we can find the ordered pairs i.e. the pair of  $x, y$  values satisfying the quadratic equation.



**Parabola**

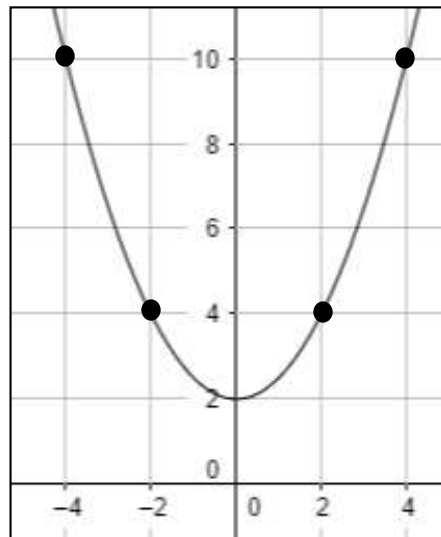
# Quadratic Graphs and Their Properties

## Guided Notes

**Problem 1:** What is the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2$ ?

Make a table of  $x, y$  values and use them to plot the graph of the equation.

$x$	$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2$	$(x, y)$
2	$y = \frac{1}{2}(2)^2 + 2 = 4$	$(2, 4)$
-2	$y = \frac{1}{2}(-2)^2 + 2 = 4$	$(-2, 4)$
-4	$y = \frac{1}{2}(-4)^2 + 2 = 10$	$(-4, 10)$
4	$y = \frac{1}{2}(4)^2 + 2 = 10$	$(4, 10)$



## Properties of Quadratic Graphs

Consider the quadratic equation  $(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ ,  $a \neq 0$ .

**Axis of Symmetry** is the line that divides the parabola into parts that are mirror images of each other.

Mathematically, it is given as:

$$x = -\frac{b}{2a}$$

**Vertex of the parabola** is the point which intersects the axis of symmetry of the parabola.

Mathematically, its coordinates are given as:

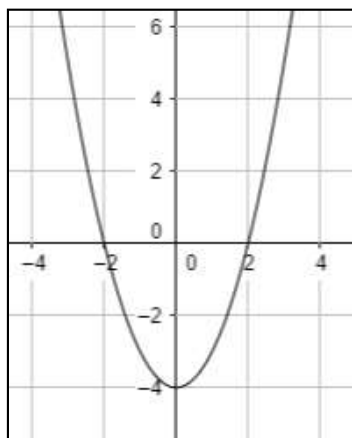
$$\left(-\frac{b}{2a}, f\left(-\frac{b}{2a}\right)\right)$$

## Quadratic Graphs and Their Properties

### Guided Notes

- **Maximum** of a quadratic equation is a point where the graph has the maximum value. In the equation  $y = ax^2$ , if  $a < 0$ , the graph **opens downwards** and the maximum is the vertex of the graph.
- **Minimum** of a quadratic equation is a point where the graph has the minimum value. In the equation  $y = ax^2$ , if  $a > 0$ , the graph **opens upwards** and the maximum is the vertex of the graph.
- In the equation  $y = ax^2$ , the larger the numeric value of  $a$ , the narrower is the graph of the equation, and the smaller the numeric value of  $a$ , the wider is the graph of the equation.

**Problem 2: Identify the vertex of the graph. Also tell whether it is a maximum or a minimum.**



The vertex of the graph is  $(0, -4)$ .

Since the graph opens upwards, so the point  $(0, -4)$  is a **minimum**.

**Problem 3: What is the domain and range of the function  $y = 5x^2 - 3$ ?**

The domain of the function is the set of all the possible values the function can take. We see that all values of  $x \in \mathbf{R}$  are possible as an input, so:

**Domain: Set of all real numbers.**

The range will be the set of all possible outputs. We see that for all values of  $x$ , the value of  $y$  will be greater than or equal to  $-3$  (in case  $x = 0$ ), so:

**Range:  $y \geq -3$**